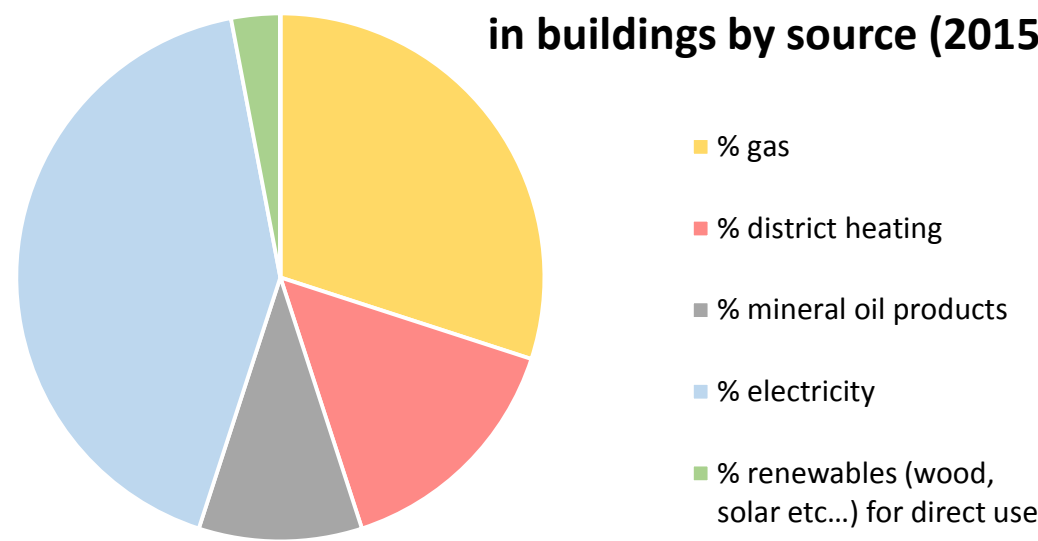


City Facts

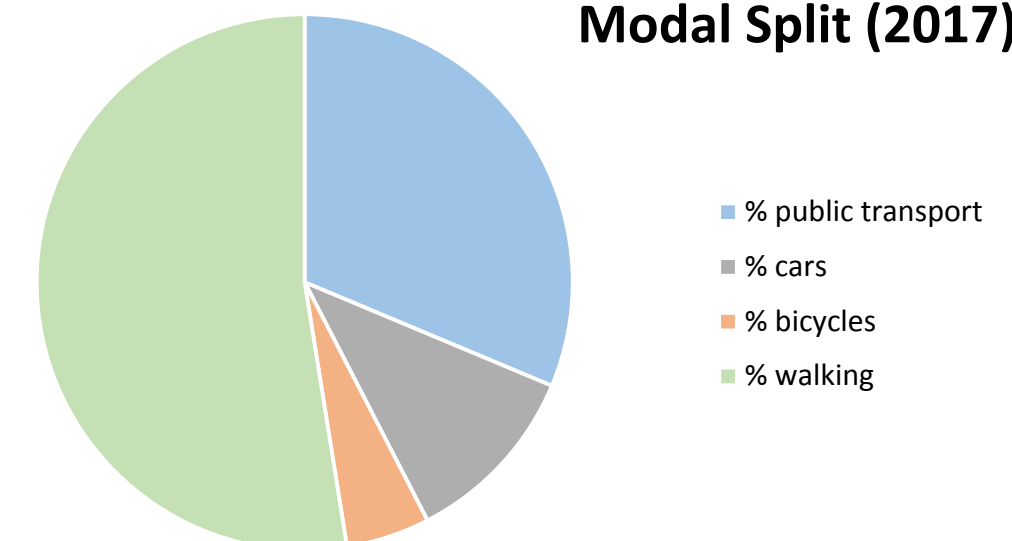
General data		
Size (km2)	2015	105
% of green area	2015	30
% of water (incl recreational)	-	-
Size (population)	2015	2.265.886
Density (Inh./km ²)	2016	21.147
Density (houses/km ²)	2011	1.148
Annual population growth (%)	2011-2014	3,7
Purchasing Power (GDP/capita in EUR)	2015	112.980

Total energy consumption in buildings by source (2015)



Final energy consumption (buildings) - total (2014): 30.500 GWh
 Final energy consumption per capita (buildings) (2014): 14.186 kWh/cap*a
 CO₂ emissions- total (Buildings) (2014): 5.489.249 t CO₂ eq
 CO₂ emissions per capita (Buildings) (2014): 2,47 t CO₂ eq / cap*a

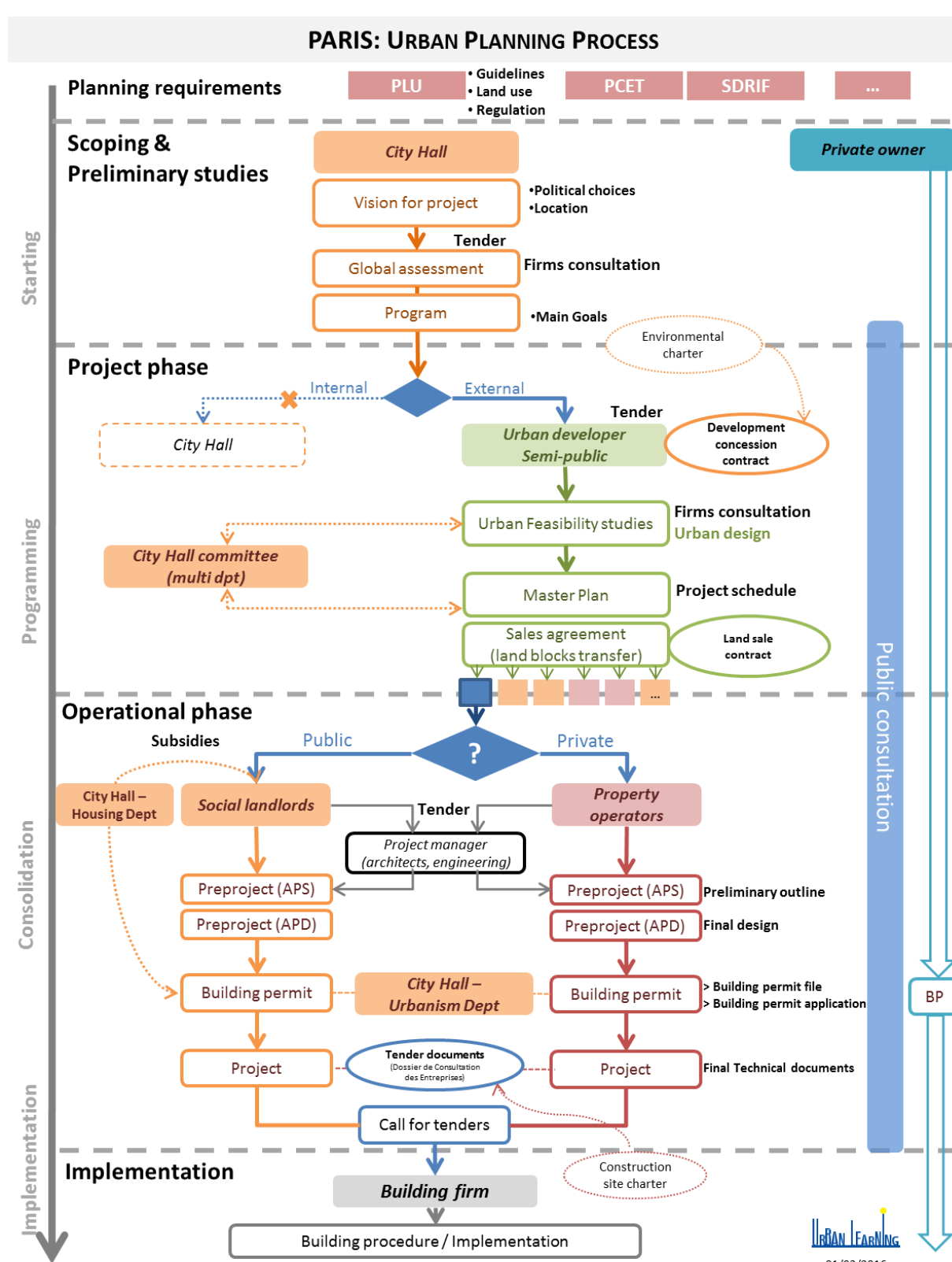
Modal Split (2017)



Cars per 1.000 inhabitants (2014): 422

Current governance processes

Paris' urban planning process

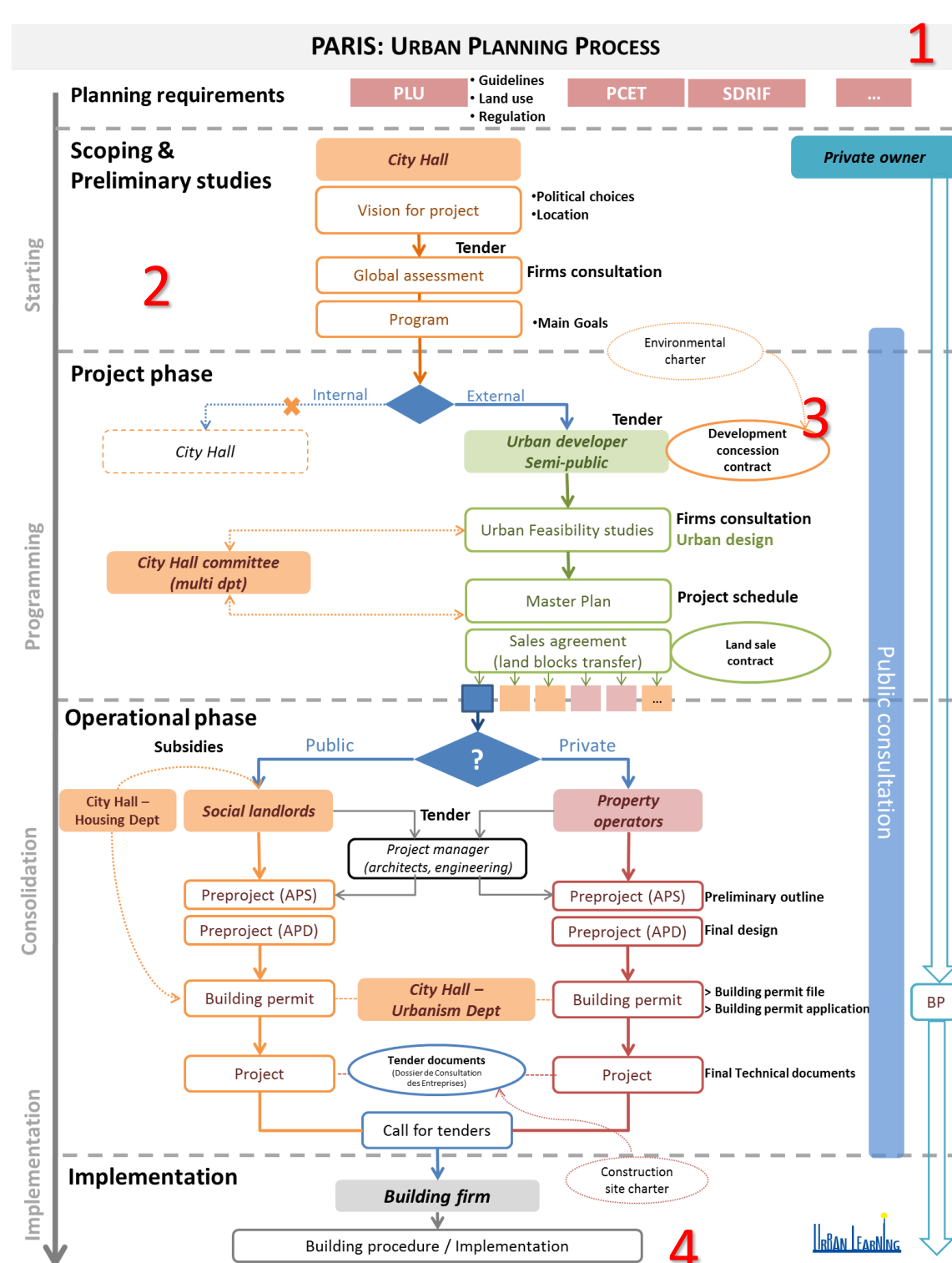


Important issues of the current processes towards energy

- Lack of transversality between urban planning matters and energy matters
- Responsibility for energy planning is not clearly established
- No instrument specially dedicated to energy planning
- Lack of energy data for energy production and consumption
- Lack of control from the city during the development of private urban planning projects
- Lack of monitoring after the implementation

Approaches for integrative energy planning

Possible integration of energy in the planning process



Some recommendations for integrative energy planning

- | | | |
|--|------------|--|
| STRATEGY | | |
| 1. Develop a citywide strategy on development of energy network | New | |
| COMMITTEE | | |
| 2. Setup and keep active a special committee to debate energy issues | New | |
| CONTRACT | | |
| 3. Work on commitment and aims in the formal urban developing contract | Adaptation | |
| ASSESSMENT | | |
| 4. Work on feedback from Eco-district label to fix criteria / data / process | New | |